

DOLITSKIY, N.I., cand. tekhn. nauk.

Standardisation of steam turbine blades. Energomashinostroenie
4 no.1:7 Ja '58.

(MIRA 11:1)

(Steam turbines--Blades)

S/114/60/000/004/007/009
E194/E355

AUTHOR: Dolitskiy, N.I., Candidate of Technical Sciences

TITLE: Accurate Blanks for the Guide Vanes of Steam Turbines

PERIODICAL: Energomashinostroyeniye, 1960, No. 4,
pp. 35 - 38 and 48

TEXT: Guide-blade profiles at present differ widely in their geometry because they have been designed by different organisations working independently. Sometimes their aerodynamic shape is poor, their axial width has not been standardised and ^{other} features are inferior. In any case, a great many different blanks are required. Accordingly, the TsKTI (Central Boiler Turbine Institute) has issued standards for the profiles of steam-turbine guide vanes. These standards have been worked out by a certain integration of the profiles proposed by various institutes. A high accuracy in blanks for blading and a high degree of standardisation are both important. The range of blanks
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fulfils the following three main requirements; blanks are provided for blades with the new standardised and aerodynamically-improved profiles; the range is economic as it meets the requirements of turbine manufacturers with a minimum number of blanks; the blank profiles are accurate and require the minimum of machining.

In standardising the blanks, other factors were also unified, such as: the series of values of axial width; the structure of the profiles; the outlet sections of the blanks and the skew of the outlet edge and the nominal values of the outlet edge thickness of the blanks.

An economic comparison is then made between the various methods of blade manufacture using blanks that are hot-stamped, hot-rolled and hot-pressed and cold-drawn.

Curves are plotted of the cost of blanks and of machining and of the amount of metal required against the number of blades to be produced. The results show that the

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blades which cost least are those which are hot-pressed and cold-drawn. The hot-rolled blades are intermediate, and the hot-stamped blades the most expensive. If the number of blades is 500 or more not only is the machining cost of the hot-pressed and cold-drawn blade lower but so is the cost of the blanks.

The saving in labour and machining costs when using hot-pressed and drawn blades is considered at some length and the least number of blades for which it is advisable to use hot pressing and drawing is considered. ✓

Engineer S.B. Nev has claimed that a cold-drawing equipment for making blanks for blades should not be set up unless a production run of at least 75 m is assured. It is claimed that Nev's conclusions are not well founded, mainly because in all cases machining costs are more important than metal costs. Thus, if the manufacturing costs of the blading are considered as a whole, the variant with

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Accurate Blanks for the Guide Vanes of Steam Turbines
hot pressing followed by cold drawing offers greater
advantages than hitherto supposed. There are 5 figures,
2 tables and 5 references: 4 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet.

✓

Card 4/4

DOLITSKIY, N.I.; FIRSOV, V.G., inzh., retsenzent

[Technical and economic indices of the manufacture of stationary steam turbines] Tekhniko-ekonomicheskie pokazateli proizvodstva statsionarnykh parovykh turbin. Moskva, Izd-vo "Mashinostroeniye," 1964. 303 p.
(MIRA 17:8)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.

DOLITSKIY, V.A. - Sledstvennyye uprazhneniya (Exercises in Criminal Investigation)
A.Y. Vyshinskiy, editor, 1935.

ML5

927.640

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LC

1. DOLITSKIY, V. A.
2. USSR (600)
4. Prospecting-Geophysical Methods
7. Dissemination of the results of the geophysical work in the oil-bearing provinces.
(Abstract) Izv.Glav.upr.geol.fon. No. 2 - 1947.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

DOLITSKIY, V. A. Cand. Geolog-Mineralog Sci

Dissertation: Geology of Tynmazy Petroleum Deposits." Moscow Order
of the Labor Red Banner Petroleum Inst. imeni Academician I. M. Gubkin
25 Feb 47

SO: Vechernyaya Moskva , Feb 1947 (Proj. #17836)

DOLITSKIY, V. A.

PA 61754

USSR/Geology
Tectonics

Feb 1948

"Normal Cross Sections of the Devonian Deposits of
the Syzran Region," V. A. Dolitskiy, A. A. Safontsev,
G. G. Tayplenkov, 9 pp

"Neftyanoye Khozyaystvo" No 2

Normal crosscuts of Devonian deposits are made from
three structures: Zabcrovskoy, Syzranskoy and Gubin-
skoy. All three structures are connected with
undulations of the axis of a single tectonic up-
heaval, northern wing of which is the Zhigulevskaya
fold.

61754

DOLITSKIY, V. I.

Dolitskiy, V. I. "On the course entitled 'Geological interpretation of geophysical surveys'", Trudy Mosk. neft. in-ta im. Gubkina, Issue 3, 1948, p. 142-44.

SO: U-2888, 12 Feb. 53, (Ietopis' Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 2, 1949).

SOROKIN, L.V., professor; URYSON, V.O., dotsent; RYABINKIN, L.A., dotsent;
~~DOLITSKIY, Y.A., dotsent~~; SOROKIN, L.V., redaktor; YKESHOV, P.R.,
vedushchiy redaktor; POLOSINA, A.S., tekhnicheskiiy redaktor

[A course on geophysical methods of prospecting for oil fields] Kurs
geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki neftiannykh mestorozhdenii. Moskva,
Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neftianoi i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry.
1950. 473 p. (MLRA 9:11)
(Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

3(5) **PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION** SOV/2302
Akademiya nauk Ukrainoy SSR. Institut geologii poleznykh iskopayemykh

Problema migratsii nefiti i formirovaniya neftyanykh i gazovykh skopleniy; materialy L'vovskoy diskussii 8-12 maya 1957 g. (Problems of Oil Migration and the Formation of Oil and Gas Accumulations: Materials of the Discussion Held in L'viv, May 8-12, 1957) Moscow, Gostoptekhnizdat, 1959. 422 p. 1,100 copies printed.

Eds.: V. B. Porfir'yev, Academician of the Ukrainian SSR Academy of Sciences, and I. O. Brod, Professor; Exec. Eds.: P. B. Yershov, Tech. Ed.: A. S. Polovina; Editorial Board: I. O. Brod, Professor, M. B. Lachybnitskiy, and V. B. Porfir'yev, Academician of the Ukrainian Academy of Sciences.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for a wide range of geologists and research workers interested in oil problems.

COVERAGE: Articles contained in this book deal with the problems of migration and accumulation of oil and gas. These problems were discussed in May 1957 at L'viv State University im. I. Franko at a meeting organized jointly by the Institute of Geology and Mineral Resources, leading scientists of the USSR, the Department of Geology and Oil Exploration of the L'viv Polytechnic Institute, and the L'viv Geological Society. Theories on the origin of petroleum deposits and the conditions surrounding their occurrence are treated. There are 327 references: 232 Soviet, 65 English, 5 French, and 4 German.

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REPORTS

Andreyev, P. P. [VNIIGI, Leningrad] Migration Processes in the Subsurface Channels of Mobile Products Formed from the Dispersed Organic Matter in Sediments 311

Vysotskiy, L. P. [VNIIGI, Leningrad] The Ways of Oil Transformation in Deposits 318

Bogomolov, A. I. [VNIIGI, Leningrad] The Problem of Oil Composition Changes Depending on the Age of the Enclosing Rocks 322

Radchenko, O. A. [Laboratoriya uglia] The Initial Stage of Oil Migration 326

Grinberg, I. V. [Institut geologii poleznykh iskopayemykh, L'viv] Problems in Genetic Relationship Between the Organic Kerogen and Natural Oil 329

Politskiy, E. A. [Zinatit nefiti, Moscow] Problems of Oil Deposit Formation in the Devonian of the Russian Platform 343

Erstov, V. A. [VNIIGI, Leningrad] Hydrogeological Factors in the Preservation and Destruction of the Uralo-Povolzh'ye Oil Deposits 350

Karsuk, T. D. [Tsentil khimicheskogo neftekhimicheskogo kombinata] Conditions of Oil Occurrence in the Tiansuo-Pechorskaya Province 354

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; YAKOVLEV, B.M.

Using logging data for studying overthrust folds in north-western Ciscausia. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; neft' i gaz no.11: 23-30 '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti im. akademika I.M.Gubkina.
(Caucasus, Northern--Folds(Geology))

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; BENENSON, V.A.

Lower Cretaceous sediments of the Kulsary area. Trudy MINKHIGP
no.25:162-184 '59. (MIRA 15:5)
(Kulsary region--Geology, Stratigraphic)

DZHMAGULOV, A.; CHERNYSHOV, S.M.; GONCHAROV, M.A.; DOLITSKIY, V.A.

New oil pool in the middle Devonian Ardatovka beds of the
Sultangulovskiy field. Trudy MINKHIGP no.25:342-350 '59.
(MIRA 15:5)
(Sultangulovskiy region--Petroleum geology)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; DZHUMAGULOV, A.

Terrigenous Devonian in the Krasnyi Yar oil field. Izv.vys.
ucheb.sav.; neft' i gas 3 no.2:17-24 '60.

(MIRA 13:6)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gasovoy promy-
shlennosti im. akad. I.M. Gubkina.

(Krasnyi Yar (Volga Valley)—Geology, Stratigraphic)

DOLITSKIY, V.A., BENENSON, V.A.

Detailed division of lower Cretaceous sediments in the Narmun-
danak and Altykul' oil fields on loggin data. Trudy MINKHIGP
no.27:168-194 '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Caspian Lowland--Geology, Stratigraphic)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; BENENSON, V.A.; MOVSHOVICH, E.B.

Method of stratigraphic division of Cretaceous sediments of
certain areas in Astrakhan Province, based on borehole records.
Trudy VNIGNI no.29:122-137 vol.3 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

(Boring)

(Astrakhan Province--Geology, Stratigraphic)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; DOLITSKAYA, I.V.; MOVSHOVICH, E.B.

Oil and gas potentials of the Peschanoye area (Kalmyk A.S.S.R.).
Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 4 no.1:9-14 '61. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti
imeni akademika Gubkina i Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
geologorazvedochnyy neftyanoy institut, Moskva.

(Kalmyk A.S.S.R. --Petroleum geology)

(Kalmyk A.S.S.R. --Gas, Natural--Geology)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KORCHEV, G.P.; SMIRNOV, A.V.; TOLSTOK, N.S.

Mesozoic sediments of the Korobki field in connection with their gas potential. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 5 no.1:6-12 '62. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina, Volgogradskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neftyanoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti, i Kompleksnaya ekspeditsiya Glavnogo upravleniya geologii i okhrany neдр pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; DUBOVSKOY, I.T.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.; KHENVIN, T.I.

Geological maps of the horizontal shears in the region of the Chir-Don dislocations. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 5 no.10:11-14 '62.
(MIRA 17:8)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina, Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova i Nauchno-issledovatel'skaya laboratoriya geologicheskikh kriteriyev otsenki perspektiv neftegazonosnosti Glavnogo upravleniya geologii i okhrany neдр pri Sovete Ministrov RSFSR.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; BENENSON, V.A.

Lower Cretaceous sediments in the southeastern part of the
Caspian syncline. Trudy MINKHIGP no.36:13-34 '62. (MIRA 15:6)
(Caspian Sea region--Geology, Stratigraphic)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.

Some features of the geology of salt domes in the Caspian syncline.
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser.geol. 27 no.6:49-61 Je '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti.
(Caspian Sea Region - Salt domes)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; CHEN' SEN'-TSYAN [Ch'ün Sên-ch'iang]

Modes of occurrence of sandstones in the Pashiya horizon of the Shkapovo oil field. Neftegaz. geol. i geofiz. no. 5:23-26 '63.
(MIRA 17:5)

1. Moskovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti imeni akademika I.M.Gubkina.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.

Prospects for detecting local uplifts in the Tersinka Trough.
Neftegaz.geol.i geofiz. no.9:14-17 '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti
im. akademika Gubkina i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im.
M.V.Lomonosova.

DOLITSEIY, V.A.; KUCHPRUK, Yo.V.

Stratification map of the west of the Volga in Volgograd
Province. Trudy MINKHIGP no.43:272-279 '63. (MIRA 17:4)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.

Using maps of seams in prospecting for oil and gas. Geol.nefti
i gaza 7 no.2:38-41 F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlen-
nosti im. akad. Gubkina i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy
universitet.

(Volgograd Province--Maps--Geology)
(Saratov Province--Maps--Geology)
(Prospecting)

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.

Geological map of the horizontal section of the southern part
of the Don-Medveditsa dislocation. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; geol.
i razv. 6 no.9:141-144 S '63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti
2. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.; TOLSTOY, N.S.; SHERMET'YEV, Yu.P.

Structural map of the northeastern part of Volgograd Province.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol. i razv. 6 no.11:143-148 N '63.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlen-
nosti im. I.M.Gubkina i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet
im. M.V.Lomonosova.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.

Using detail paleogeological maps in oil and gas prospecting.
Geol. nefti i gaza 7 no.11:13-17 N '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Moskovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut
neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti im. akad. Gubkina
i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V.

Age of the Tersinka depression in connection with prospecting
for oil and gas in the Terrigenous Devonian. Izv. vys. ucheb.
zar.; neft' i gaz 8 no.1:3-5 '65.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti
imeni akademika I.M. Gubkina.

DOLITSKIY, V.A.; KUCHERUK, Ye.V., aspirant

Methods for finding hidden uplifts in the Tarsa through.

Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol.i razv. 7 no.8:16-20 Ag '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhmicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlen-
nosti i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

KORYAKIN, Sergey Fedorovich, dotsent, kand.ekon.nauk; BERNSTEYN, Iosif L'vovich, dotsent, kand.ekon.nauk; ELLINSKIY, Yuriy Fedorovich, starshiy преподаvatel'; DOLITSKIY, Ya.I., prof., doktor ekon.nauk, retsenzent; CHERKESOV-TSIBIZOV, A.A., starshiy преподаvatel', retsenzent; PROLOV, A.S., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; KRUMENKO, N.K., inzh., retsenzent; ZOLOTUKHIN, Yu.A., obshchiy red.. V redaktirovaniy primimali uchastiye: OGANOV, N.K., dotsent, red.; DUBCHAK, V.Kh., inzh., red.; MARTIROSOV, A.Ye., inzh., red.; KHAN'KOV, G.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, red.; KRASHENINNIKOV, V.G., dotsent, kand.ekon.nauk, red.; OMKHETBARG, Ye.A., inzh., red.; SHCHEGOL'EV, G.G., inzh., red.; PRILUTSKIY, M.A., inzh., red.; KANTOR, L.M., dotsent, kand.ekon.nauk, red.; KUZ'MIN, T.P., inzh., red.; FILIPPOV, K.D., red.. KSENOPONTOVA, Ye.F., red.izd-va; TIKHO-NOVA, Ye.A., tekhn.red.

[Economics of water transportation] Ekonomika morskogo transporta. Pod obshchey red. Yu.A.Zolotukhina. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport", 1959. 391 p. (MIRA 13:3)

(Shipping--Finance)

DOLITSKIY, Y.

Results of scientific research of branch institutes of labor
and wages. Biul.nauch.inform.trud i sar.plata. no.1:9-16
'59. (MIRA 12:4)

(Production standards)

SHUL'TS, Sergey Sergeyevich, doktor geol.-miner. nauk; MOZHAYEV, Boris Nikolayevich; MOZHAYEVA, Valentina Grigor'yevna; RUKOYATKIN, Anatoliy Arkad'yevich; DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, Anatoliy Vasil'yevich; PALITSYN, Nikolay Dmitriyevich; PONOMAREV, Yevgeiy Vasil'yevich; SHENGER, I.A., red. izd-va; ZAMARAYEVA, R.A., tekhn. red.

[Sudoma Upland; geological and geomorphological outline]
Sudomskaya vozvyshennost'; geologo-geomorfologicheskii ocherk.
[By] S.S.Shul'ts.i dr. Moskva, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963. 118 p.
_____[5 fold. diagrs.] (MIRA 16:10)
(Sudoma Upland--Geology)

STULOV, N.N.; SHAFRANOVSKIY, I.I.; MOKIYEVSKIY, V.A.; POPOV, G.M.; BETEKH-
TIN, A.G.; NIKOLAYEV, V.A.; ANSHULES, O.M.; GRIGOR'YEV, D.P.;
YEROPAYEV, B.N.; TATARSKIY, V.B.; SOLOV'YEV, S.P.; NIKITIN, V.D.;
RUDEKO, S.A.; DUBININA, V.N.; ALYAVDIN, V.P.; VLADIMIROV, B.N.;
KAZITSYN, Yu.V.; FRANK-KAMENETSKY, V.A.; KALININ, A.I.; BALA-
SHOVA, M.N.; SAL'DAU, H.P.; DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKAYA, G.M.; LAV-
KIN'YEV, M.F.

Viktor Ivanovich Mikheev. Zap. Vnes. min. ob-va 86 no.2:317-320
'57. (MIRA 10:6)
(Mikheev, Viktor Ivanovich, 1912-1956)

SHAFRANOVSKIY, I.I., prof. Prinimali uchastiye: MOKIYEVSKIY, V.A.; STULOV, N.N.; GENDELEV, S.Sh.; PIS'MENNYI, V.A.; BALASHOVA, M.N.; MIKHAYEVA, I.V.; SAL'DAU, E.P.; KALININ, A.I.; DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKAYA, G.M. PIGEROVSKIY, G.L., dotsent, otv.red.; FURMAN, E.P., red.; MALYAVKO, A.V., tekhnred.

[Lectures on the morphology of mineral crystals] Lektsii po kristal-lomorfologii mineralov. L'vov, Izd-vo L'vovskogo univ., 1960.
161 p. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Kafedra kristallografii Leningradskogo gornogo instituta (for Mokiyeveskiy, Stulov, Gendelev, Pis'mennyy, Balashova, Mikhayeva, Sal'dau, Kalinin, Dolivo-Dobrovol'skaya).
(Minerals) (Crystals)

BOKIY, Georgiy Borisovich; PORAY-KOSHITS, Mikhail Aleksandrovich;
BELOV, N.V., akademik, red.; DOLIVO-DOHROVOL'SKAYA, Ye.M.,
red.

[X-ray structural analysis] Rentgenostrukturnyi analiz. Mo-
skva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ. Vol.1.1. Izd.2. 1964. 488 p.
(MIRA 17:12)

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PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

Bacterial control of sewage on the culture media of
 Dierckx. L. H. Ikhtov-Dolgovskii. *Microbiology* (U.
 S. S. R.) 7, 100-73(1958); *Chem. Zvest.* 1959, 11, 173;
 cf. C. A. 32, 3805. — In order to make more complete the
 methods of bacterial investigation of sewage other media
 were tested in addn. to the standard media of Endo (I).
 These were the carbolated media of Endo (II), the nu-
 trient media of Salle (III), and that of Dierckx in different
 variations (IV). IV (1 cc, 5% aq. PhOH soln per 100 cc
 media) was found to be superior to I (at least for Moscow
 sewage). Inoculation of I on the surface was more satis-
 factory than deeper inoculation. III was found to be un-
 suited for bacterial investigation of sewage. W. A. M.

ASAC 554 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L. B.

PA40T67

USSR/Medicine - Sewage
Medicine - Bacteriophage Occurrence
Jun 1946

"Bacteriophageology of the Biologic Sewage Purifica-
tion Processes," L. B. Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, Sci-
entific Research Dept, Moscow Sewage Disposal Trust,
10 pp

"Mikrobiologiya" Vol IV, No 3, pp 239-48.

Aeration of sewage increases the titers of coliphage.
Coliphage is capable of existing under anaerobic con-
ditions and therefore Hellen's opinion that bacte-
riophage is unable to exist in the absence of oxygen
is erroneous. This is also corroborated by the report
of Gildemeister and Herzberg. The fact that coli-

LC

USSR/Medicine - Sewage (Contd) Jun 1946

40767

phage existed under conditions under which all the
anaerobic flora had perished, confirms the accuracy
of the view that bacteriophage is a retrospective
indicator of fecal contamination.

40767

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B.

Priority of Russian scientists in certain problems of typhus abdominalis.
(GIML 25:1)
Gig. sanit., Moskva no.7:38-39 July 1953.

1. Of the Scientific-Research Sanitary Institute imeni Erisman.

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B.

AID P - 1497

Subject : USSR/Medicine

Card 1/1 Pub. 37 - 12/19

Author : Dolivo-Dobrovol'skiy, L. B., Kand. of Tech. Sci., and
Pavlovskaya, A.I., Scientific Worker

Title : Importance of cross-ventilation in the purification of
air from bacterial pollution in school rooms

Periodical : Gig. i san., 2, 47-49, F 1955.

Abstract : A study of the efficiency of cross-ventilation in schools.
The tests described prove that cross-ventilation must be
introduced in all schools for reducing the bacteria
content of the air. 4 tables.

Institution: Scientific Research Sanitation Institute im. Eroshman

Submitted : My 17, 1954

Subject : USSR/Medicine AID P - 2192

Card 1/1 Pub. 37 - 12/19

Authors : Dolivo-Dobrovol'skiy, L. B., Kard. of Tech. Sci. and
~~PAVLOVSKAYA, A. I., Scientific Worker~~

Title : Using an albumen preparation from codfish for producing
a culture medium

Periodical : Gig. i san., 5, 49-50, My 1955

Abstract : A preparation worked out by the All-Union Scientific
Research Institute of Fish Economy and Oceanography
is here described. This cod preparation can easily
replace the expensive peptone and is recommended for
sanitary and bacteriological water analyses. Tables.
Four Russian references (1945-1952).

Institution : Scientific Research Sanitation Institute im. Erisman

Submitted : N 12, 1953

DOLIVO - DOBROVOL'SKIY, L. B.

USSR/Microbiology - Sanitary Microbiology.

F-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26325

Author : Dolivo-Dobrovol'skiy, L. B.

Inst : State Scientific Research Institute of Sanitation

Title : Survival of Dysentery Bacteria in Reservoir Water.
Communication 2. Death of Dysentery Bacillus Through
the Process of Reservoir Re-Aeration.

Orig Pub : Inform.-metod. materialy Gos. n.-i. in-ta, 1955, No 3,
14-15

Abst : As the rate of aeration through blowing is increased
(upwards of 0.015 liters of air per 1 liter of water
per minute) and photosynthesis takes place in the water
plants (the tests were made with Elodea and Scenedes-
mus), the death rate of the dysentery bacillus increa-
ses.

For Communication 1, see Outlines of Reports and Talks
at the All-Union Scientific Conference on Problems of

Card 1/2

USSR/Microbiology - Sanitary Microbiology.

F-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26325

Air Hygiene, Water Hygiene, and Sanitary Bacteriology,
Publ. House AMN SSSR, Moscow, 1955, 144-145.

Card 2/2

111
DOLIVO - DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B.

USSR/Microbiology - Sanitary Microbiology.

F-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 7, 1957, 26326

Author : Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, L.B., Rosschvskaya, V.S.

Inst :

Title : The Problem of the Survival of Dysentery Bacteria in Reservoir Water.

Orig Pub : Gigiena i sanitaria, 1956, No 6, 52-55

Abst : Dysentery bacteria (Flexner, Sonne and Grigoryev-Shig bacilli) perish in stream water within 30 minutes to 4 days during the warm part of the year. Their death rate is the most rapid in polluted water (bacteria count of 2 million per milliliter, coli-titration 0.0001) in which dysentery bacteriophage has been observed prior to pollution. Aeration speeds up the death rate eight times not only in stream water but also in a water-supply pipe poor in organic content.

Card 1/1

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B.

"Micro-organisms and self-sterilization of the soil." E.N.Mishustin, Pertsovskaya, M.I. Reviewed by L.B.Dolivo-Dobrovolskii. Mikrobiologiya 25 no.4:514-516 J1-Ag '56. (SOILS-BACTERIOLOGY) (SOIL POLLUTION) (MIRA 9:10)
(MISHUSTIN, E.N.) (PERTSOVSKAYA, M.I.)

~~DOLIVO-DOEROVOL'SKIY, I. B.~~

Survival of the dysentery pathogene in bodies of water. Biul.MOIP.
Otd.biol. 61 no.4:108 Jl-Ag '56. (MLRA 10:8)
(SCHIGELLA) (WATER--BACTERIOLOGY)

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B., ZAVEL'SKIY, P.S.

Content of radiopotassium in city sewage [with summary in English]
Med.rad. 3 no.3:65-68 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sanitarii
i gigiyeny imeni Erismann.

(SEWAGE,

radiopotassium content in urban sewage (Rus))

(POTASSIUM, radioactive

determ. of content in urban sewage (Rus))

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B., KONSTANTINOV, Yu.P., MUZYKANTOV, R.V.

Deactivating function of biocoenoses in purification systems with regard to the liquid phase of city sewage containing radioactive contaminations. Biul.MOIP. Otd. biol. 63 no.4:153-154 J1-Ag '58
(MIRA 11:11)

(~~SEWAGE~~-PURIFICATION)
(RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL)

DOLIVO-DOEROVOL'SKIY, L.B.

Effect of reaeration on the survival of dysentery bacteria in bodies
of water. Biul. MOIP. Otd. Biol. 64 no.2:53-65 Mr-Af '59.

(MIRA 12:10)

(Shigella dysenteriae) (Water--Aeration)

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KONSTANTINOV,
Yu.P., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MUZYKANTOV, R.V., mladshiy
nauchnyy sotrudnik

Data on the deactivation of municipal sewage at biological
treatment stations; preliminary report. Gig.i san. 25 no.2:
15-18 P '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sanitarii
i gigiyeny imeni P.P. Erismana Ministerstva zdoravookhraneniya
RSFSR.

(RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL)

KUL'SKIY, Leonid Adol'fovich; SHEVCHENKO, Marina Aleksandrovna;
KALINIYCHUK, Yefim Mikhaylovich; DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B.,
red.; NIKOLAYEVA, T.A., red. izd-va; RAKITIN, I.T., tekhn. red.

[Methods for improving the odor and taste of drinking water]
Metody uluchsheniia zapakha i vkusa pit'yevoy vody. Moskva, Izd-
vo M-va kommun. khoz. RSFSR, 1961. 98 p. (MIRA 15:1)
(Drinking water)

KUL'SKIY, Leonid Adol'fovich; KALINICHUK, Yefim Mikhaylovich;
DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, L.B., red.

[Conditioning of drinking water; removal from water of
phenols and petroleum products] Konditsionirovaniye pi-
t'evoi vody; ozhistka vody ot fenolov i nefteproduktov.
Moskva, Stroizdat, 1964. 83 p. (NIRA 17:10)

111 AND 1111 CODES		PROCESSING AND PREPARATION	
Chemical investigation of the amounts of copper-bearing ore in the Dzhirgatal'skii copper ore and the products of its flotation. V. V. Dolivo-Dobrovolskii, Inst. Mekhanicheskoi Obrabotki Poluvodnii Ispol'muikhi Mshane (Inst. Mech. Treatment Ores). Repts. on Conc. of Ores 1939, No. 1, 91 93.—Four samples of a Cu ore composed of bornite and chalcopyrite had an average of total Cu 2.56-14.77, oxidized Cu 0.23-0.12%, Fe 2.41-8.25 and S 1.73-8.20%, or a sulfide average of 5.38-38.79%. Some of the Cu is oxidized in drying operations after the flotation. The ratio of bornite to chalcopyrite Cu in the tailings is lowered with increase in the no. of flotation operations. A typical concentrate contained Cu, FeS, 68.18, CuFeS, 4.25, SiO₂ 19.72, Al₂O₃ 8.65, Fe₂O₃ 0.84, CaCO₃ 3.94 and MgCO₃ 2.05%. The following flotation media were applied: oil P. O. No. 1 (Naval Store Co.), crocote No. 24 (Naval Store Co.), Na₂CO₃, KCN, Russian pine oil, Russian crocote oil, xanthate, Ca(OH)₂, sulfurized oils (obtained through the action of H₂S on turpentine, benzene and creosol). A. A. B.			
ASB-51A DETAILING LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION			
1939-1940			

cr

Crystals of magnesium sulfate hexahydrate (hexahydrate). V. V. Douvo-
Domouvalskii. *Mém. soc. russ. minéral.* [2], 58, 3-53 (1929); *Mineralog. Abstracts* 4,
378.--In the Saki salt lakes, Crimea, after the sepa. of NaCl, spear-shaped crystals of
MgSO₄.7H₂O (detd. by analysis), which differ from epsomite in form, separate. Thick,
tabular, monoclinal crystals of MgSO₄.6H₂O also occur. Optical and crystallographic
data on hexahydrate and on artificial MgSO₄.6H₂O are given. J. F. SCHAIERER

8

ASD-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

SEARCHED INDEXED

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LIBRARY

1ST AND 2ND GROUPS																									
PROCESSING AND PRINTING DATA																									
Laboratory investigation of the roasting and acid treatment of zinc concentrates from the Medonadi ores concentrated by flotation. V. V. Dolgov-Ishakovskii. Inst. Mekh. Tsvetn. Obrab. (Inst. Mech. Treatment Ores). <i>Repts. on Conc. of Ores</i> 1920, No. 2, 197-200. The concd. Zn ore contained ZnS 70.20, Pb 4.00, CuFeS₂ 1.20, CdS 0.00, FeS₂ 11.40, FeS 7.00, Al₂O₃ 1.10, SiO₂ 1.30, MnO 0.11, MgO 0.00, CaCO₃ 8.23 and (As + Sb) 0.02%. The best roasting temp. (under lab. conditions) is 640°, while treatment with 5-10% H₂SO₄ exts. 91.6-92.6% of the Zn. The expl. procedure is described and the results are tabulated and plotted. A. A. Bohtlinak																									
ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																									

PROCESSING AND PREPARATION	
1	Investigation of the refining of zinc obtained by distillation at Alagir. N. P. ASATY, V. Y. DOLYAN-DIMONOVILAKH and B. F. GIZANOVICH. <i>Suppl. to Progress Metallurgy</i> , No. 5, 1-40(1950); <i>Colloid Metals</i> 1950, 40 pp; <i>Chimie & Industrie</i> 15, 617. - The Zn used contained up to 0.45% Pb, 0.19% Fe and 0.21% Cd; 2 methods of refining were used: liquation and redistillation. (1) The best liquation temp. is 450°, the time varies according to the degree of purity of the Zn; the rate of sepn. of Pb increases with decrease in the Fe content. (2) A second liquation gives no appreciable improvement in the purity of the Zn. (3) By liquation, the Pb content can be reduced to 0.03% and the Fe content to 0.028%. The limiting Pb content is, therefore, lower than that hitherto indicated (1.5-1.7%). (4) No solid soln. of Fe in Zn was observed, the microstructure showed the formation of crystals of FeZn ₂ with Fe contents of 0.001% or over. (5) Redistillation can give as low an Fe content as 0.003%, provided all overheating is avoided and the distn. is not carried too far. On continuing the distn. beyond a certain point the purity of the distl. Zn falls off appreciably. (6) It is advantageous to subject the impure Zn first to liquation, and then to redistill it. (7) Cd can be removed only by fractional distn.
2	A. PAPINKAU-COUTURE
ASAC-31A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION	
1-2	

1ST AND 2ND CODES		PROCESSING AND INDEXING CODES	
Experiment on the chemical treatment of the lead-zinc ore of the Makarov deposit. V. V. Dolgov, Dolgoprudsk. Inst. Mekhanicheskoi Obrabotki Prolitskii Tsel'nykh Metallekh (Inst. Mech. Treatment of Non-ferrous Metals). <i>Repts. on Conc. of Ores</i> 1981, 24-45. — The chemical composition of the above ore, depending on the size of the grain, had the following ranges: Pb 8.28-12.34, Zn 14.07-19.50, Fe 10.65-24.01%. The complete chemical analysis of a fair av. sample of the ore was Pb 9.41, Zn 18.79, Cu 0.08, S 0.37, Sb 0.64, Al₂O₃ traces, Fe₂O₃ 28.58, MnO 0.25, CaO 1.83, MgO 0.51, Sn 0.22, As 0.75, Sb 0.39 and CO₂ 15.11%. Loss through heating was 18.90% and Au amounted to 1.25 g. per ton and Ag 0.2325 kg. per ton of ore. The tailings obtained after flotation contained Pb 2.79, Zn 23.27, Cu 0.06, S 0.22, Sb 0.76, Al₂O₃ traces, Fe₂O₃ 29.74, MnO 0.11, CaO 1.76, MgO 0.90, Cl₂ 14.78, losses through bent treatment 20.40, Sn 0.20, As 0.64, Sb 0.20%, Au 1.0 g. per ton and Ag 0.0765 kg. per ton of ore. A H₂SO₄ treatment of the above tailings yielded 80% of Zn present in the ore, while treatment of the ore gave a yield of up to 91-92%. A. A. H.			
ASB SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION			
10000 100000		10000 100000	

PROCESSING AND PROPERTY INDEX

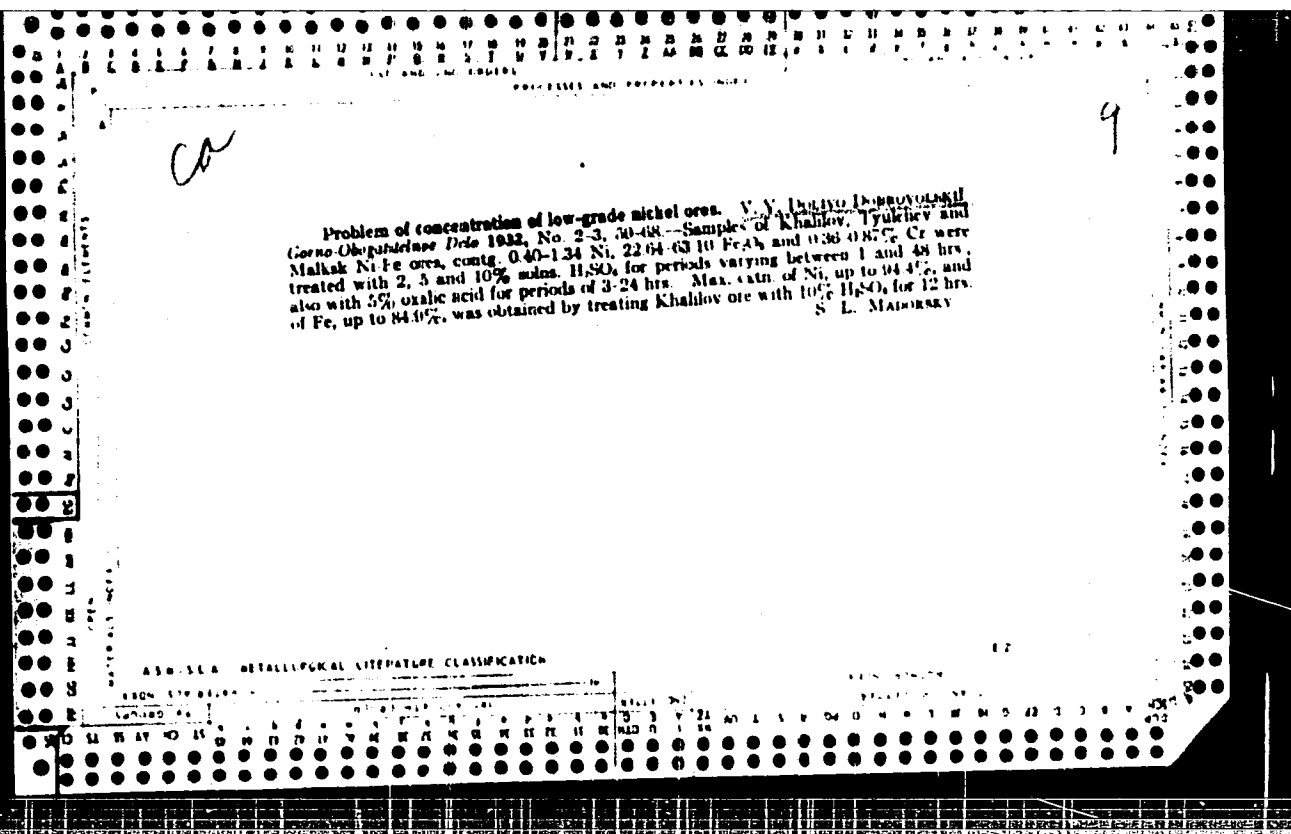
B-I-5

BC

**Obtention of Kurch from ore. V. V. Dostov-
Dostovskiy and E. Y. Dostovskiy (Inst. Mech. Treat.
Ore, Baku). Ores. Ann. Ores. Kurch Poria, 1968,
No. 1, 9-22. —On treatment of limonite and nontronite
with Cl_2 . Fe passes into the distillate. When $MOCl$ is
used Fe is volatile, whilst As remains in the residue. P
has a retarding effect on As, both concentrating in the
residue. The temp. should be 300-350°. On As.**

METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1968-1970										1971-1975										1976-1980									
1968-1970										1971-1975										1976-1980									



17. APP. THE OTHERS		PROCESSING AND PROPERTIES INDEX		TOP AND 4TH COPIES	
BC				B-I-6	
Stability of oxidized copper ores for concentra- tion. V. V. Dzurko-Dymovskiy (Gorno-Obozr. Delo, 1952, No. 7-8, 28-31). — Differences in the results of floatation of apparently similar batches of oxidized Cu ores are due to differences in the ratio of the Cu in the form of free minerals with free surfaces to the Cu com- bined with the gangue as highly dispersed small grains or in chemical combination with it. The free Cu mineral can be determined by dissolution with KCN. Ch. Abs.					
ADD-61A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION					
EDOM SYSTEM		EDOM WITH ONLY ONE		EDOM ONLY	
EDOM NO	EDOM WITH ONLY ONE	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY
EDOM NO	EDOM WITH ONLY ONE	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY	EDOM ONLY

ST. 6110 1-10 6-11-12										1-10 6-11-12									
PROCESSING AND PROPERTIES INDEX																			
BC		B-I-6																	
Composition and distribution of mineral compounds in complex copper area. V. V. Dolivo-Doncovskiy (Zhurn. Obshch. Nauk, 1932, No. 12, 11-18).--The finely powdered ore is treated with (a) dil. H₂SO₄ and H₂SO₄ at 80-90° (b) KCN solution followed by dil. H₂SO₄ and H₂SO₄. The distribution of Cu between anionads and anionads gives a complete mineralogical picture of the ore, whence the limits of concn. of an ore by flotation, at a given particle size, can be determined. Cu. Abs.																			
ASB-61A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																			
FROM SYNDICATE										FROM BOWLING									
SYNDICATE										BOWLING									

CH

9

PROCESS AND PROPERTIES INFO

Determination of the free surface of chalcopyrite
V. S. Jolovykh (Polysulfid. Inst. Mekhanichesk. Chisl. Polysulfid. Eksp. Zav. "Mekhanich." 15, 95, 1953, *Soviet. Ind. Service* 1, 100-110) (English 110-111) (U.S.S.R.) In connection with the problem of flotation and mining of sulfide ores, the rate of study of pure chalcopyrite in various reagents was studied. If the rate of soln. and size of the crude mineral grains are known, the amt. of free or active surface of chalcopyrite can be detd. Treatment of chalcopyrite with Na_2SO_3 in dil. solns. of H_2SO_4 or FeOH and with KCN showed that the amts. of Fe and Cu dissolved are in the ratio of their at. wts. Repeated treatment did not show a decrease in the rate of decompn. of the chalcopyrite. Amt. of dissolved S corresponded to CuS . Varying concns. of Na_2SO_3 and H_2SO_4 between 0.1 and 1.0% did not affect the rate of decompn. of chalcopyrite appreciably. Change of temp. from 20° to 40° increased the rate of decompn.; between 40° and 80° it remained const. Pyrite and Zn do not affect the rate; therefore this method of detg. free surface of chalcopyrite can be applied to cases where the mineral is included in Cu or Cu-Zn sulfide ores. S. L. Makarsky

ASD-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1st AND 2nd COPIES

PROCESSING AND PROPERTIES INDEX

2

Common Elements

Materials Index

Methods of crystallographic determination of substances. V. V. Dolivo-Dolizovskii. *Ann. scient. anal. phys.-chim., Inst. chim. gén.* (U. S. S. R.) 9, 33-60 (1960).—A crit. discussion with about 30 references. Chav. Blanc

ASAC-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1st DIVISION

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3rd DIVISION

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100th DIVISION

CA

9

PROCESS AND PROPERTIES INDEX

Flotation of oxidized ores of the colored metals. (Continuation of the paper by D. M. Chizhikov, N. N. Zaprudskii, and S. M. Shurygin on "Concentration of oxidized ores of the colored metals.") O. S. Bogdanov, V. V. Dubovik, and A. I. Andreeva. *Tsvetnye Met* 10, No. 20, 20-2 (1941). (*Chem. Zentr.* 1944, I, 1210; cf. C.A. 38, 30339.)—The process of complete sulfidization is of interest in the flotation of hard, oxidized ores, difficult to concentrate.

M. G. Mowt

ASAC-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, Vadim Vladimirovich, 1904- ; KLIMENKO, Yu.V.;
~~SYROKOTSKIY, V.S., professor, retransent.~~

[Phase analysis of ores] Ratsional'nyi analiz rud. Sverdlovsk Gos.
nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po Chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1947.
190 p. (MLRA 7:6)
(Ores--Sampling and estimation)

DOLIVO*DOBROVOL'SKIY, V. V.

Crystallography

Several aspects of the principal direction
in twin crystals. Zap. Vses. min. ob. 81
no. 2, 1952

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library
of Congress, September 1952. UNCLASSIFIED

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, VI.V.

▲ new type of diagram for identifying feldspars. Zap.Vses.min.ob-va 82
no.2:122-124 '53. (MLRA 6:6)
(CA 47 no.22:12147 '53) (Feldspar)

~~POLIV~~ ~~DOBROVOL'SKIY, V.V.~~

BOGDANOV, O.S., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor, redaktor; BRAND, V.Yu., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; DERKACH, V.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; ~~POLIV-DORBOVOL'SKIY, V.V.~~, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; ZAKHVATIN, V.I., redaktor; KACHAN, I.N., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; OLEVSKIY, V.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; LOKONOV, M.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; PARFENOV, A.M., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; PODNEK, A.K., redaktor; POLIVANOV, K.Yu., redaktor; FINKEL'SHTEYN, G.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; FOMIN, Ya.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; SHINYAKOV, M.I., redaktor; YUDENICH, G.I., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; BYKOV, G.P., redaktor; YEZDOKOVA, M.L., redaktor izdatel'stva; EVENSON, I.M., tekhnicheskii redaktor

[Proceedings of the Third Scientific Session of the Institute of Mechanical Processing of Economic Minerals] Trudy III nauchno-tekhnicheskoi sessii instituta Mekhanobr. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1955. 758 p. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Leningrad. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut mekhanicheskoy obrabotki poleznykh iskopayemykh
(Ore dressing) (Flotation)

SOV/137-57-11-20791

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 11, p 22 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, V.V.

TITLE: The Composition of the Zinc Blende of the Degtyarsk Occurrence
(O sostave tsinkovoy obimanki Degtyarskogo mestorozhdeniya)

PERIODICAL: Obogashcheniye rud, 1956, Nr 5, pp 11-15

ABSTRACT: In connection with the elaboration of a flowsheet for dressing the Cu-Zn ores of the Degtyarsk occurrence, particular interest attaches to determination of the contents of isomorphically fixed Fe and highly-disperse inclusions of Cu sulfides in the ZnS of these ores. An investigation is made of the Zn concentrate of the pyrite ore obtained by flotation of a production sample. Experiments are mounted to study the kinetics of ZnS dissolution when Zn concentrate is treated with 20% H_2SO_4 without access of air. The observed regularities of change in the relationships between the quantities of Zn and Fe going into solution result in determining the Fe contents of the isomorphic impurity in the ZnS at 1.63%. In composition, the ZnS of this specimen demands classification as a very dense variety of ZnS, low in iron content. To evaluate the attainable quality of

Card 1/2

SOV/137-57-11-20791

The Composition of the Zinc Blend of the Degtyarsk Occurrence

the Zn concentrate, interest attaches not only to the chemical composition of the ZnS but also determination of the presence in ZnS of highly disperse inclusions of Cu and Fe sulfides which cannot be isolated with even the finest grinding. Experiments in selective dissolution of ZnS from the +20-micron class of Zn concentrate demonstrate the presence of up to 1% Cu in the ZnS in the form of highly disperse inclusions of sulfides of < 5-micron size.

S.M.

Card 2/2

SOV/137-57-11-22762

. Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 11, p 304 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, V. V., Teranova, Ye. T.

TITLE: On the Problem of the Removal of Kerosene in the Purification of Waste Waters From Flotation Plants of the Non-ferrous Metals Industry (K voprosu ochistki stochnykh vod flotatsionnykh fabrik tsvetnoy metallurgii ot kerosina)

PERIODICAL: Obogashcheniye rud, 1956, Nr 6, pp 23-27

ABSTRACT: As the result of a study of various ways of removal of kerosene from waste water the following possibilities were established: the purification to sanitary standards of water containing 3.5 - 4 mg/l of kerosene when the waste water is diluted to 12 - 15 times its volume in the reservoir; the utilization of the process of the sorption of kerosene with freshly precipitated iron hydroxide which has formed in the treatment of the water with iron sulfate and slaked lime and followed by filtration through a sand or slag filter. It is noted that for a 100-mg/l kerosene content in water the consumption of reagents amounts to 70-100 mg/l CaO and 350 - 380 mg/l $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$, and the selection thereof in

Card 1/2

SOV/137-57-11-22762

On the Problem of the Removal of Kerosene (cont.)

each specific case should be made after taking into account the economic factors and the necessity of using the water, for example, for a recirculation water supply.

Ye. L.

Card 2/2

ALEKSEYEV, I.N.; BOGDANOV, O.S.; BYKOV, G.P.; GROSMAN, L.I.;
DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, V.V.; DERKACH, V.G.

Grigori Ivanovich IUDenich; obituary. Gor.shur. no.6:53 Je '56.
(IUDenich, Grigori Ivanovich, died 1956) (MIRA 9:8)

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 12,
p 94 (USSR) 15-57-12-17318

AUTHOR: Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, V. V.

TITLE: Corrections for Refraction in Determining the Indicatrix
Axes on the Fedorov Stage (O popravkakh na prelomleniye
pri nakhozhdanii osey indikatsiy na fedorovskom stolike)

PERIODICAL: Zap. Vses. mineralog. o-va, 1957, Vol 86, Nr 1,
pp 28-39

ABSTRACT: In determining the position of optic axis of a uniaxial
crystal by aligning it with the I-axis of the Fedorov
stage (determination of principal section), a correction
for the difference in indices of refraction of a crystal
and of the hemispheres is not necessary for minerals
with n_e below 1.8. It is necessary to introduce a
correction for minerals with a larger index of
refraction; a special nomogram is proposed for finding
this correction. When determining the position of optic
axis of a uniaxial crystal by its alignment with the

Card 1/2

15-57-12-17318

Corrections for Refraction in Determining the Indicatrix (Cont.)

axis of the microscope (determination of the isotropic section), a correction for refraction is introduced according to usual sine formula.

Card 2/2

O. V. Karpova

*1. Leningradskiy gosnyy. institut.
(Optical measurements) (Crystallography)*

Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, V.V.

USSR / Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption,
Chromatography, Ion Interchange.

B-13

Abs Jour : Referat. Zhurnal Khimii, No.1, 1958, 603.

Author : V.V. Dolivo-Dobrovolskiy, T.A. Rogachevskaya.

Inst : -

Title : Depressing Action of Some High-Molecular Organic Compounds
on Sulfide Minerals.

Orig Pub : Obogasheniye rud, 1957, No.1, 38 - 40.

Abstract : Laboratory experiments for the study of the depressing
action of a series of high-molecular organic compounds on
the flotation of PbS, ZnS and CuFeS_2 were carried out. It
is shown that starch soluble in water (I) depresses activated
by Cu ions and not activated CuFeS_2 and ZnS in neutral media
and, in a still greater degree, at pH = to 8.5, and does
not depress PbS. It is possible to separate PbS from CuFeS_2
and ZnS by flotation of synthetic mixtures PbS - ZnS -

Card: 1/2

USSR / Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption,
Chromatography, Ion Interchange.

B-13

Abs Jour : Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No.1, 1958, 603.

Abstract : quartz and PbS - CuFeS_2 - quartz using I. Similar results of PbS separation from other sulfides were obtained replacing I with a cheaper depressor - cereal flour in 0.1 NaOH solution. Slops of sulfite lyes in the amount of 1000 g per ton are a depressor for not-activated ZnS in a neutral medium; PbS is not depressed under these conditions. Contrarily to the studied substances, carboxymethylcellulose does not cause sulfide depression even in the amount of 4000 g per ton.

Card: 2/2

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, V. V.

Maslenitskiy, I. N. and V. V. Dolivo-Dobrovol'skiy (Mekhanobr)

"The rendering harmless of waste water from beneficiation plants"

report presented at the 4th Scientific and Technical Session of the Mekhanobr
Inst, Leningrad, 15-18 July 1958

AUTHOR: Dolivo-Dobrovol'skiy, V. V. SCV/163-58-3-18/49

TITLE: The Removal of the Arsenate Ion From Aqueous Solutions of Low Concentrations (Udalenie arsenat-ionov iz vodnykh rastvorov nizkoy kontsentratsii)

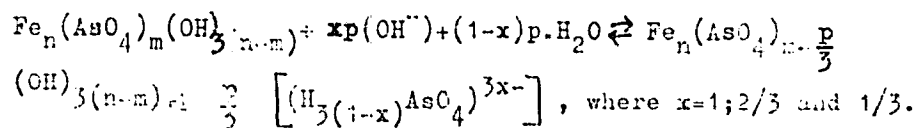
PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, pp 104 - 107 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The removal of arsenate from washing waters in the processing of copper-nickel was investigated. The arsenate content in the washing water amounts to 10^{-4} - 10^{-3} mol/l. The optimum conditions for removing arsenate are obtained by a reduction of the pH-value of the solutions. At a pH-value of the solution of 7-7,5 the arsenate content reaches a concentration lower than the stipulated sanitary standards. The dependence of the concentration of the arsenate ion on the pH value of the solutions was graphically shown. Arsenate was co-precipitated with iron hydroxide precipitations. The dependence of the residual concentration of the arsenate ion on the concentration of the hydroxyl ion of the final solution is of special importance. The interaction of the

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The Removal of the Arsenate Ion From Aqueous Solutions of Low Concentrations SDV/103-58-3-18/49

reaction of the iron-arsenate precipitate obtained with the hydroxyl ions in the solution is expressed by the following equation:



Arsenic is obtained from the precipitate in the solution in form of the ions AsO_4^{3-} , HAsO_4^{2-} and H_2AsO_4^- . The experiments carried out to co-precipitate arsenate under the optimum conditions found show that for reaching the sanitary standards it is necessary to take a 2- to 3-fold iron sulfate excess. The washing waters after the purification process at an optimum pH-value are completely free from nickel and cobalt; they are completely retained in the precipitate of iron arsenate. There are 1 figure, 3 tables, and 6 references; which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

The Removal of the Arsenate Ion From Aqueous Solutions of Low Concentrations SOV/163-58-3-18/49

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy gornyy institut (Leningrad Mining Institute)

SUBMITTED: October 1, 1957

Card 3/3

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, V.V.

Optical reactions of the winning axis in studying twins on
the Fedorov stage. Min.sbor. no.12:406-417 '58.
(MIRA 13:2)

1. Gornyy institut imeni G.V.Plekhanova, Leningrad.
(Crystallography)

DOLIVO-DOBROVOL'SKIY, V.V.

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